Table 2. Estimated distribution of persons with and persons without a diagnosis of AIDS within 12 months of diagnosis of HIV infection, by selected characteristics, 2003—35 areas with confidential name-based HIV infection reporting

	AIDS diagnoses					
	≥12 Months after diagnosis of HIV infection		<12 Months after diagnosis of HIV infection			
					Total	
	No.	(%) ^a	No.	(%) ^a	No.	(%) ^a
Age at diagnosis (yrs)						
<13	163	80	40	20	203	100
13–14	37	70	16	30	53	100
15–19	880	86	145	14	1,026	100
20–24	2,649	79	691	21	3,340	100
25–29	3,050	71	1,232	29	4,283	100
30–34	3,547	62	2,134	38	5,681	100
35–39	4,077	57	3,024	43	7,101	100
40–44	3,710	57	2,761	43	6,471	100
45–49	2,421	54	2,091	46	4,513	100
50-54	1,404	51	1,327	49	2,731	100
55–59	733	52	679	48	1,412	100
60–64	327	46	377	54	705	100
≥65	258	41	365	59	623	100
Race/ethnicity						
White, not Hispanic	6,856	62	4,234	38	11,090	100
Black, not Hispanic	11,682	61	7,603	39	19,285	100
Hispanic	4,279	61	2,785	39	7,063	100
•	,		,		•	
Asian/Pacific Islander	229 120	62 65	139 66	38 35	367 187	100 100
American Indian/Alaska Native	120	65	00	33	107	100
Transmission category Male adult or adolescent						
Male-to-male sexual contact	10,428	62	6,354	38	16,782	100
	•	-	,		•	
Injection drug use	2,224 828	53 59	1,948 569	47 41	4,172	100 100
Male-to-male sexual contact and injection drug use					1,397	
Heterosexual contact	2,586	55	2,125	45 50	4,710	100
Other ^b	75	42	104	58	179	100
Subtotal	16,140	59	11,101	41	27,241	100
Female adult or adolescent						
Injection drug use	1,422	63	830	37	2,252	100
Heterosexual contact	5,426	66	2,815	34	8,240	100
Other ^b	108	53	97	47	205	100
Subtotal	6,956	65	3,742	35	10,697	100
Child (<13 yrs at diagnosis)						
Perinatal	147	79	39	21	186	100
Other ^c	16	92	1	8	18	100
Subtotal	163	80	41	20	204	100
Total ^d	23,259	61	14,883	39	38,142	100 100
IUIAI	23,239	01	14,003	აშ	30,142	100

Note. These numbers do not represent reported case counts. Rather, these numbers are point estimates, which result from adjustments of reported case counts. The reported case counts are adjusted for reporting delays and for redistribution of cases in persons initially reported without an identified risk factor. The estimates do not include adjustment for incomplete reporting.

Data include persons in whom AIDS has developed and persons whose first diagnosis of HIV infection and the diagnosis of AIDS were made at the same time.

Data exclude 46 persons whose month of diagnosis of HIV infection is unknown.

Since 2000, the following 35 areas have had laws or regulations requiring confidential name-based HIV infection reporting: Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Florida, Idaho, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming, Guam and the U.S. Virgin Islands. Since July 1997, Florida has had confidential name-based HIV infection reporting only for new diagnoses.

^a Percentages represent proportions of the total number of diagnoses of HIV/AIDS made during 2003 for the corresponding group (see row entries). Because row totals were calculated independently of the values for the subpopulations, the values in each row may not sum to the row total.

^b Includes hemophilia, blood transfusion, perinatal, and risk factor not reported or not identified.

^c Includes hemophilia, blood transfusion, and risk factor not reported or not identified.

^d Includes 149 persons of unknown race or multiple races. Because column totals were calculated independently of the values for the subpopulations, the values in each column may not sum to the column total.